

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

LOCATION OF HEARING for FEBRUARY CALENDAR:

Revised Notice:

Courtroom @ Suite 250 L  
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS  
1132 Bishop Street  
Honolulu, HI 96813

January 3, 2014

>>> Picture ID required to enter Courthouse <<<  
COUNSEL WILL PLEASE CHECK-IN WITH THE DEPUTY IN THE COURTROOM  
All CJA Counsel call (415) 355-7993 for travel authorization

Tuesday, February 18, 2014 9:00 am Hawaii Bkcy Court Courtroom 250L

**< note change in hearing order & time allotments >**

( ) \*\* 12-10516 United States v. Qadri (VTC)  
12-10517 United States v. Roszkowski (VTC)  
12-10519 United States v. Gonzalez  
( ) \* 12-10533 United States v. Fresnoza  
  
( ) \*\* 10-17688 Gunderson v. Mauna Kea Properties  
11-16403)  
( ) \*\* 11-10058 United States v. Gowadia  
( ) \* 12-10087 United States v. Li (VTC) **< note new date**

Wednesday, February 19, 2014 8:00 am Hawaii Bkcy Court Courtroom 250L

**< note change in start time >**

( ) \* 12-15754 Septimo v. Farmer  
( ) \* 12-16048 R. v. Matayoshi  
( ) \* 12-17791 Atalig v. USA **< note added case**  
( ) \*\* 12-15507 Ramsey v. Hawaii Paroling Authority, State of Hawaii  
( ) \*\* 12-17318 Beckstrand v. Read  
( ) \*\* 12-17017 Thompson v. Thomas

Thursday, Feb 20, 2014 10:00 am Univ. of Hawaii @ Manoa, Richardson SOL Moot Courtroom

**< note change of hearing location and start time >**

( ) \* 12-10630 United States v. Toledo  
( ) \* 12-15066 Ventress v. Japan Airlines  
( ) \*\* 12-15267 Tamayose v. Option One Mortgage Corp  
( ) \*\* 12-15268 Seven Signatures General Partnership v. Irongate Azrep BW LLC  
( ) \*\* 12-72262 Ragasa v. Holder

**\* MAXIMUM ARGUMENT TIME 10 MINUTES PER SIDE**

**\*\* MAXIMUM ARGUMENT TIME 15 MINUTES PER SIDE**

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**U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit  
Electronic Devices Policy**

**This policy pertains to the use of electronic devices by the bar, media and the public in the courthouses and other dedicated spaces housing the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. These are the William K. Nakamura U.S. Courthouse in Seattle, the Pioneer U.S. Courthouse in Portland, the James R. Browning U.S. Courthouse in San Francisco, the Richard H. Chambers U.S. Courthouse in Pasadena, and the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in Honolulu. The policy also applies to other places in which the court holds session for special sittings. These include courtrooms in the district courthouses and spaces in law schools and other locations.**

**Visitors to any of the Ninth Circuit courthouses and dedicated spaces are allowed to carry and make use of various electronic devices as set out by this policy. Different rules may apply when the court meets in another venue, such as a district courthouse. Where conflicts between this policy and that of a district court become known, the chief circuit judge and chief district judge, or their designees, will confer to resolve such conflicts.**

**General Rules:**

- 1. Anyone may bring electronic devices, such as a Blackberry, smart phone, laptop computer or a similar functioning device having wireless communications capability into the courthouse.**
- 2. Except for courtrooms, persons may use such devices in public areas of the courthouse to make telephone calls and to transmit and receive data communications, such as email or text messages, or to access the Internet. For reasons of privacy, safety, and security, use of these devices to take photographs or for audio or video recording or transmission is prohibited in the courthouse (exceptions for court staff, authorized vendors or for educational or ceremonial events).**
- 3. In courtrooms, persons may use such devices to take notes, transmit and receive data communications, and access the Internet. This includes media members who are transmitting written accounts of the proceeding to a wider audience using various means. Persons may not use these devices for telephone calls, photographs or audio or video recording or transmission. Telephone ring tones and other functional sounds produced by devices must be disabled while in the courtroom. Only quiet keyboards may be used in the courtrooms.**
- 4. The presiding judge of a judicial panel may prohibit or further restrict use of such devices by all persons prior to or during a proceeding when necessary to protect the rights of the parties or to assure the orderly conduct of the proceedings.**
- 5. This policy will be prominently displayed wherever the court holds session and posted on the court's website. Failure to adhere to the policy may result in removal from the courtroom or other sanction.**