IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF IDAHO 1 2 - - - - - - - - - x 3 : RICHARD LEAVITT, : Case No. 1:93-cv-24-BLW 4 Petitioner, : MOTION HEARING 5 vs. 6 : A.J. ARAVE, 7 Respondent. : 8 - - - - - - - - - - - x 9 10 11 12 13 14 REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 15 before B. Lynn Winmill, Chief District Judge 16 17 May 22, 2012 18 19 Pages 1 to 39 20 21 22 Tamara I. Hohenleitner 23 Idaho Certified Shorthand Reporter No. 619 Registered Professional Reporter 24 Certified Realtime Reporter Federal Certified Realtime Reporter 25 United States Courts, District of Idaho 550 West Fort Street, Boise, Idaho 83724 (208) 334-1500

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3	Date	Proceeding	Page
4	5/22/12	Motion for Order to Submit Evidence for Testing	
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1	P R O C E E D I N G S	1	there was a refusal to make that available and,
	May 22, 2012	2	hence, the motion here to compel that.
2	THE CLERK: The court will now hear Civil	2	Mr. Nevin, I'm going to hear you first.
3	Case 93-24-S-BLW, Richard Leavitt versus A.J.	3 4	I assume you'll be arguing, although if Mr. Parnes
4 5	Arave, regarding a motion for order to submit	4 5	wants if the agreement was Mr. Parnes will
6	evidence for testing.	6	argue, that would be fine as well.
7	THE COURT: Good afternoon. Counsel, I	7	My real concern is how I just don't
8	understand we have Mr. Parnes on the phone, as	8	see how I have jurisdiction here right out of the
9	well?	9	chute. Certainly the Supreme Court has indicated
10	MR. PARNES: That's correct, Your Honor. I	10	that, from Section 3599 that there is an
11	can hear you.	11	entitlement to federally appointed counsel to
12	THE COURT: All right. Counsel, I have	12	assist in clemency and commutation proceedings. I
13	reviewed the briefs that have been submitted on	13	don't think anyone disputes that. And I think a
14	this matter. Just to lay the background, the	14	logical extension of that would be perhaps to
15	court did authorize some additional testing in	15	include an entitlement to the kinds of things that
16	this matter, and I think there were ex parte	16	counsel in a commutation and clemency hearing
17	proceedings, as normally we handle those types of	17	might feel necessary to adequately represent their
18	requests. Then the issue arose concerning,	18	client, which might include testing or experts to
19	apparently, an understanding by counsel that the	19	conduct evaluations of the defendant to support
20	State, through I think it was probably the	20	those proceedings.
21	Blackfoot Police Department, were going to release	21	But I think the next step is: How does
22	certain evidence for testing, DNA testing.	22	that also then extend to the court reaching out to
23	Apparently, that was either a misunderstanding or	23	third parties and compelling them to provide or
24	there was a change of heart on the part of the	24	cooperate with the petitioner or actually, I'm
25	Bingham County prosecutor. But in any event,	25	not sure what you call a person who is pursuing a
	6		7
1	clemency or commutation proceeding, but I guess	1	ask Mr. Parnes to address an issue from time to
2	the prisoner, the convicted, the person facing the	2	time, particularly if I don't get it all, if
3	death penalty how do you get that far? What	3	that's all right with the court.
4	statutory basis is there?	4	THE COURT: That's fine.
5	And how do you take the Supreme Court's	5	MR. NEVIN: I know the court's normal rule,
6	decision and somehow ride that horse to a point	6	but we're kind of scrambling, haven't had a lot of
7	where you can say that there is an entitlement to	7	time to respond to Mr. Anderson's memorandum.
8	compel third parties to cooperate without doing	8	You know, I think we I understand
9	some pretty severe justice to some ideas of the	9	the court's concern about the idea of delay, and I
10	limited jurisdiction of the federal courts and	10	think we articulated in our moving papers that
11	federalism concerns and trying to avoid conflict	11	were ex parte, the idea that we are dealing with a
12	between state and federal jurisdictions?	12	commutation situation, and we do, for obvious
13	So those are my primary concerns. I	13	reasons, not want to leave any stone unturned.
14 15	may have others. Another one, notably, would be a	14 15	Now, when we got into this issue, we learned that the State had actually sent materials
16	concern that this may be a and I'm not	16	out for testing, as well, back in 2001 and had
17	suggesting anything nefarious on your part at all,	17	never provided us with the results of that.
18	simply doing your job that this may be a	18	THE COURT: Did you know the testing had
19	somewhat thinly veiled effort to come up with	19	been requested?
20	additional grounds that would justify the	20	MR. NEVIN: No, sir. And so and let me
21	imposition of a stay, totally apart from the	21	be clear, because I think some confusion arose
22	commutation and clemency proceedings.	22	with the affidavit that I filed yesterday.
23	So, with that, Mr. Nevin, have at it.	23	There apparently have been two sets of
24	MR. NEVIN: Thank you, Your Honor.	24	testing. And one involved materials that were
25	With the court's permission, I might	25	sent to an examiner in King County, Washington, in

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1	the Seattle area in Washington, to do fingerprint	1	make the point because there is you know, the
2	testing. But there is another group, another	2	suggestion is that, you know, obviously, the State
3	round of testing or separate group of exhibits	3	was waiting was going back over this material,
4	apparently that were sent to the state lab in	4	as well, and wanting to test it. Because the case
5	Meridian here in Idaho.	5	arose in 1984. There were the issues of type A
6	And we have received we misspoke in	6	and type O blood that Mr. Anderson referred to in
7	my original affidavit we have received the	7	his memorandum, and I think everybody wants to get
8	results of the fingerprint testing from King	8	that sorted out.
9	County. We have not received any results yet from	9	And so that's that's what we're
10	the from the testing that was done in 2001.	10	pursuing here, and it clearly is an issue with
11	THE COURT: But that was fingerprint	11	respect to with respect to clemency, and, of
12	testing; correct? Or was this DNA testing?	12	course, that's, I think, why the court made the
13	MR. NEVIN: In King County.	13	decision to provide the resources for us.
14	THE COURT: What happened in the state	14	But I think it could also be
15	forensics lab here?	15	potentially an issue on our 60(b) motion in front
16	MR. NEVIN: Don't know. But the impression	16	of this court that there could have been issues
	we had and what we know about it is contained	17	that the court that coursel could have explored
17			-
18	in the letter that Mr. Andrew sent to Mr. Parnes	18	but didn't and that that might bear on the
19	I think to Mr. Parnes, copied to me. And it	19	ineffective assistance of counsel claim. I
20	left me with the impression that there was some	20	recognize we're talking about doing testing now
21	kind of serological testing going on, some kind of	21	that could not have been done in 1984, but I think
22	blood testing. And one would have to assume that	22	that there may be that there could be a
23	it would be DNA being done in 2001, but I don't	23	connection to other issues that may have been
24	know that.	24	available to counsel back at the time.
25	And I guess the point is you know, I	25	THE COURT: Let's play that out. So you're
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1	saying, under your Rule 60 motion, that if in fact	1	initially sent that to the Supreme Court. And I
2	there has been some quasi <u>Brady</u> violation or	2	think he has since maybe earlier this morning
3	something akin to that, that the court would have	3	has since actually ruled on that. But it
4	jurisdiction and should compel, what? Because I'm	4	appears to me, at least at this point, that we
5	not sure that leads to Bingham County being	5	don't have a forum in state court with which
6	required to produce the underlying data or the	6	under which to advance these issues.
7	underlying evidence that could be subjected to	7	I mean, the obvious thing that occurred
8	testing, but it might relate to perhaps an order	8	to counsel and to me was to file a motion a
9	compelling the State in kind of, again, an	9	motion to compel a discovery response. The court
10	appropriate Brady approach, to turn over whatever	10	will recall the court issued conditionally
11	it is they have.	11	issued a writ in 2000, if I'm not mistaken. And
12	MR. NEVIN: Well, right. And in the	12	at that point, a trial was set in Bingham County.
13	fullness of time, that might well be an	13	And counsel was appointed for Mr. Leavitt in
14	appropriate way to proceed. Judge Shindurling has	14	Bingham County and filed a request for discovery,
15	taken the position that he doesn't have	15	so there was a request for discovery pending.
16	jurisdiction to do anything except issue the death	16	And just speaking totally inferentially
17	warrant. In fact, he initially declined to rule	17	now as opposed to based on personal knowledge, it
18	on our we filed a notice of a desire to be	18	seems to me and to Mr. Parnes that, likely, the
19	heard in front of him on the question of whether	19	State at that time anticipated going forward with
	the death warrant should issue, and he declined to		a trial and had this testing done. But counsel
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21	permit us to do that and held that he ruled	21	the lawyer, Jim Archibald, who was appointed for
22	that he didn't have jurisdiction to do anything	22	Mr. Leavitt in state court, says that he has not
23	except issue the death warrant.	23	received the results of any of that testing, and
24	We filed a motion to reconsider that	24	we haven't either.
25	and pointed to some matters, and Judge Shindurling	25	So it seems to us that the State has

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1	not complied with its discovery obligations.	1	THE COURT: That you asked him to
2	Indeed, we didn't	2	reconsider.
3	THE COURT: In this proceeding?	3	MR. PARNES: The initial decision was we
4	MR. NEVIN: Well	4	requested and filed on May 15th a notice a
5	THE COURT: In the habeas proceeding?	5	motion to be noticed of when the death warrant
6	MR. NEVIN: Well, certainly in the state	6	would issue, and there would be a hearing so that
7	court proceeding, where we no longer have any	7	we could appear. And on the 17th, he denied that
8	jurisdiction, apparently I'm sorry where we	8	and then shortly thereafter issued the death
9	no longer have a forum in which to raise this	9	warrant, within an hour.
10	issue.	10	THE COURT: So is there a request pending
11	THE COURT: So you're saying Judge	11	before him for discovery in support of the
12	Shindurling, you think this morning, did issue a	12	commutation?
13	decision on the merits of some kind?	13	MR. PARNES: No.
14	MR. NEVIN: Could I ask Mr. Parnes to speak	14	THE COURT: Okay. Now, let me ask
15	to this?	15	Mr. Nevin, you can weigh in on this or ask
16	THE COURT: Yes. Mr. Parnes.	16	Mr. Parnes if he has any further information. Is
17	MR. PARNES: Yes. I think it was actually	17	there available to I'm assuming commutation and
18	yesterday, but he we did a motion to	18	clemency proceedings are directed at either the
19	reconsider, and he ruled that he had no	19	parole commission and/or the governor's office.
20	jurisdiction to consider a motion to reconsider	20	MR. NEVIN: I think it's the former,
21	our request to appear because all he had to do was	21	Your Honor.
22	to sign the warrant.	22	THE COURT: Parole commission?
23	THE COURT: Well, let me Mr. Parnes, just	23	MR. NEVIN: Correct.
23	so I understand, what was his initial decision?	23	THE COURT: All right. Now, that being the
25	MR. PARNES: The initial decision	24	case, is there a basis for again, in support of
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1	a clemency or commutation petition any forum in	1	this morning, and what we determined is that the
2	a clemency or commutation petition any forum in which one can seek that discovery, either by way	2	this morning, and what we determined is that the parole commission doesn't have subpoena power or
2 3	a clemency or commutation petition any forum in which one can seek that discovery, either by way of statute spelling it out or perhaps the inherent	2 3	this morning, and what we determined is that the parole commission doesn't have subpoena power or the power to order third parties to take
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	16		17
1	Blackfoot Police Department has decided that it	1	it's the Sixth Circuit, if I'm not mistaken
2	doesn't want to cooperate with that, and so you	2	concluded that they didn't that the court
3	don't get to do it.	3	didn't have jurisdiction to order to make an
4	THE COURT: Doesn't <u>Harbison</u> all it says	4	order of this type. But they were dealing in a
5	is that you have an entitlement to an attorney who	5	specific situation that involved an order to force
6	can help you through whatever tangled process the	6	prison guards to interview with defense counsel.
7	State may have created for this; or, if there is	7	And we're talking about something very different
8	no process, then to do whatever you can do.	8	here. We're talking about the simple physical act
9	But I'm still concerned that that	9	of forwarding articles of evidence.
10	becomes quite a big jump to go from the right to	10	And Mr. Anderson raised a number of
11	counsel to the right to discovery and the right to	11	concerns about the practical considerations of
12	compulsory process, the right to subpoena, all of	12	that, and I can I came prepared to satisfy some
			of those, I think.
13	those additional rights that seem to be quite a	13	
14	step beyond just the right to have an attorney.	14	But this is, in any event, an action
15	MR. NEVIN: And I guess our sense is this:	15	that occurs every day, everywhere. And I don't
16	We have read the <u>Osborne</u> case, of course, that's	16	I don't know I have never heard of a court
17	cited in counsel's moving papers. I just want to	17	ordering, for example, a prison guard to sit down
18	point out that's a noncapital case, and noncapital	18	and talk to defense counsel if the prison guard
19	defendants don't have a right to commutation. But	19	doesn't want to. I mean, I think that's
20	<u>Ohio vs. Woodard</u> says that minimal due process	20	extraordinary relief under any circumstances.
21	does apply in the case of capital defendants to	21	I would direct the court's attention to
22	clemency proceedings.	22	the concurrence in <u>Baze</u> . And I was I just had
23	And Mr. Anderson cited <u>Baze vs. Parker</u> ,	23	it up on my screen in which the third vote for
24	and I think you and I understand that in <u>Baze</u>	24	to take that course was one which reserved the
25	vs. Parker, the court concluded and I believe	25	proposition that in another type of case, the
			10
	18		19
1	court would have jurisdiction to make its	1	Mr. Parnes is saying is that they had that
1 2	court would have jurisdiction to make its orders referring to the order under <u>Harbison</u>	1 2	Mr. Parnes is saying is that they had that Mr. Andrew said, you know, "Just let me know, and
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1	certainly free to change his mind, and he has.	1	out of 3599(f) and conflating "authorize" and
2	So but that was my understanding at the time.	2	"permit" to have the same meaning. And he
3	MR. NEVIN: Yeah. And I wanted to mention	3	acknowledges that 3599(f) doesn't ensure and
4	that, Your Honor, only for this reason, because	4	I'm quoting now "the 'total success' of an
5	there is this as the court said, the	5	investigator or 'establish a substantive right for
6	implication of just trying to delay this. But we	6	that person to acquire that information over all
7	understood back in April that it wouldn't be a	7	possible obstacles.' Yet, nothing in 3599(f)
8	problem, and I think we would have started this	8	prohibits a federal court from finding, in
9	process sooner. And so I I may have attributed	9	circumstances such as the examples described
10	intentions to Mr. Andrew that went in my affidavit	10	above, that state action frustrated the 'services'
11	yesterday that I didn't really have, but we	11	a federal court authorized counsel to obtain. I
12	started calling him that he really didn't have	12	believe we would have jurisdiction under 3599(f)
13	but we started calling him last week, didn't	13	to address that issue when it arises and to remedy
14	get return calls.	14	any such interference."
15	And in you know, we were pretty	15	And the example that he gives is state
16	frustrated by this because we felt that there was	16	action that prevented an appointed attorney from
17	at least an understanding that there wouldn't be a	17	meeting with the defendant or otherwise consulting
18	problem with having this tested so long as we	18	with the defendant about services the court found
19	could afford to have it done. And once the court	19	to be reasonably necessary.
20	issued its order approving that, we then put that	20	So it would be, in other words, one
21	process into motion and were told that there	21	thing to say the court is not going to order
22	was that something different was prevailing.	22	prison guards to meet with defense lawyers. It
23	And I'm just looking at Judge Cole's	23	would be another thing for the court to say a
24	concurrence in the <u>Baze</u> case, and he makes the	24	situation to arise where defense attorneys were
25	point that the majority is parsing the language	25	provided funding under <u>Harbison</u> but were refused
	<u>22</u>		23
1		1	-
	contact with the defendant.	1	argument is that Baze really doesn't foreclose the
1 2 3	contact with the defendant. And Judge Cole is saying: Yeah, in		-
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	24		25
	And in this case, of course,	4	
1	Mr. Leavitt conceded at trial that the blood	1	had the same blood type and markers as was found on the blood type. the blood sample found at the
2	his blood was there at the scene. So it's a	2	on the blood type the blood sample found at the crime scene.
3		3	
4	little hard for me to see what, if any, difference	4	MR. NEVIN: But we didn't have the kind of
5	it would make if it turns out that there can be	5	
6	reliable DNA testing showing that the blood was or	6	THE COURT: Right.
7	was not from Mr. Leavitt, perhaps either in the	7	MR. NEVIN: what would be standard today.
8	clemency and commutation proceeding or in support	8	There was much more that was had to be inferred
9	of the Rule 60(b) motion.	9	back in the day.
10	MR. NEVIN: But, Your Honor, that I mean,	10	THE COURT: Just so it's clear, you did
11	if the blood there is not	11	when did you learn that there was blood typing or
12	THE COURT: is not Mr. Leavitt's.	12	serological testing of some kind done by the
13	MR. NEVIN: is not Mr. Leavitt's, then	13	Meridian lab? Was that something you just came up
14	that would be a huge matter. And I mean, and	14	with in the last few weeks, or was it
15	that's exactly the issue.	15	MR. NEVIN: No. That's something that came
16	It's almost an anachronistic maybe	16	up within the last few hours. We learned that
17	that's the wrong word but it gives you the	17	when Mr. Andrew sent a letter to us yesterday at
18	feeling like you're looking at an old at an	18	12
19	old, you know, copy of "Life" magazine or	19	Mr. Parnes, wasn't it 12:07?
20	something. And if you go back in time, they were	20	MR. PARNES: Yes. And just so it's clear,
21	talking about blood typing and secretors and	21	Mr. Andrew mentioned to me that they had sent
22	markers and so on, and they couldn't they	22	evidence out. At the time, I believed that it was
23	weren't able to precisely pin it to Mr. Leavitt.	23	the evidence that was sent out looking for the
24	THE COURT: Well, they were able to say that	24	fingerprints in the blood.
25	he fell within one percent of the population that	25	THE COURT: No. I understood all of that,
	26		27
1	and that's what went up, apparently, to King	1	I was provided the King County material on
2	County and was but what I'm inquiring about now	2	April 27th.
2 3	County and was but what I'm inquiring about now is this question of what you knew about I'm	2 3	April 27th. THE COURT: All right. That's fine.
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	20	1	20
	28		29
1	some items that were tested for semen; however, as	1	Mr. Scott's letter, he states that he talked
2	I understand Mr. Andrew's letter and in my	2	to
3	discussions with Mr. Andrew in the last few days,	3	THE COURT: Mr. Andrew's letter? Scott
4	DNA testing could not be completed apparently	4	Andrew; right?
5	because of fecal matter associated with the	5	MR. ANDERSON: Mr. Andrew's letter, the
6	various exhibits.	6	prosecutor's letter. He indicated he had talked
7	And so, in any event, it's my	7	to a Ms. Nowlin at the state lab, and I'm assuming
8	understanding, in talking to Mr. Andrew and from	8	that that was yesterday.
9	his letter, that DNA testing was not completed in	9	And the notes in the file indicate
10	2001. And it may very well be that further	10	and I'll quote "In 2001, Ms. Bradley analyzed
11	testing was was ended after this court entered	11	the items for the presence of semen. None was
12	its stay in 2001 requiring the State to retry	12	detected. She also states that she did not see
13	Mr. Leavitt based upon the State's appeal.	13	anything in the file regarding any DNA testing
14	I just don't know entirely why it was	14	being done on the items."
15	completed or not finished or not done. I do	15	THE COURT: Excuse me. On the items?
16	know that	16	MR. ANDERSON: On the items that were sent
17	THE COURT: But you're representing that, to	17	to the state lab.
18	your knowledge, the testing was never it was	18	And the items, as recalled by the
19	attempted but not completed because it was	19	prosecutor, included a comforter, a pillowcase, a
20	determined that there was some corruption of the	20	shirt, a pair of panties, and some brown shirts.
21	sample so that they could not be successfully	21	Ms. Nowlin confirmed that bacteria from
22	completed? I just want to make sure we're	22	fecal matter can degrade the DNA, which can
23	accurate as	23	complicate or eliminate the ability to obtain
24	MR. ANDERSON: And I appreciate that,	24	testable DNA. But Mr. Andrew excuse me the
25	Your Honor. What I can tell you is that in	25	prosecutor does go on and state he is not sure
	30		31
1	that degradation of the DNA was the reason why the	1	been permitted in that unique circumstance for the
2	items were not tested for DNA at the time.	2	testing or for DNA testing at that time. In fact,
3	So I may have misspoke.	3	there has been no request for forensic testing in
4	Apparently, he doesn't know why there	4	federal habeas even though there was a claim of
5	wasn't DNA testing at that time.	5	ineffective assistance of counsel raised regarding
6	THE COURT: But there is a report indicating	6	trial counsel's failure to do some testing in the
7	that there was some degradation of the samples?	7	amended petition many, many, many years ago. And
8	MR. ANDERSON: I can't go that far based	8	it's only now that we're on the eve of this
9	upon what I know, Your Honor. I just know that	9	execution that we're being requested to turn this
10	Mr. Andrew said that there can be degradation	10	information over.
11	based upon fecal matter, and I think that he	11	You mentioned, Your Honor, mandamus. I
12	assumes that that's what happened, but I can't	12	don't believe that the Idaho Supreme Court would
13	represent that to the court.	13	consider that because the UPCPA is the sole remedy
14	THE COURT: I think you told me all I need	14	for these type of things. And that wasn't done
15	to know. Thank you.	15	back when that statute was passed, and the statute
16	MR. ANDERSON: Okay.	16	of limitations for DNA testing under that statute
17	I do want to address the question that	17	has now expired.
18	the court had regarding a possible remedy in state	18	I would submit that this court does not
19	court. I would agree with Mr. Nevin that there	19	have authority under the federal statute pursuant
	isn't one now, but there was in 2001, when the	20	to Harbison and to Baze. And as far as the
20 21	Idaho legislature enacted 19-4902 or amended	20 21	possibility that any results from the testing
	-	21	could be used to support the current ineffective
22	19_{4911} Which allowed for LINA factor At that	~	courd be used to support the current menective
22	19-4902 which allowed for DNA testing. At that time it was a new statute	22	assistance of counsel claims in the ourrent final
23	time it was a new statute.	23	assistance of counsel claims in the current final netition, we would submit that we would have some
		23 24 25	assistance of counsel claims in the current final petition, we would submit that we would have some serious problems under <u>Gonzalez</u> as far as

 presenting new evidence, new facts that would, from the State's position, absolutely result in that below considered as successive petition. And, of course, we're going to address the 60(b) motion in our response to that motion, which will be filed tomorrow sometime. THE COURT: No. That's fine. Thank you, the TWE COURT: No. That's fine. Thank you, the TWE COURT: No. That's fine. That's you, the TWE COURT: No. That's fine. That's you, the TWE COURT: No. That's fine. The out you the the the samples were degraded or because the court's the there is - would have been a right at another time under state law to do this is a the samples were degraded or because the court's that, Mr. Anderson, I. would assume you'll that, Mr. Anderson, I. would assume you'll that, Mr. Anderson, I. wou'ld assume you'll that, Mr. Anderson, I. would assume you'll that, Mr. Anderson, I. wou'll correct in the courd, then is some thing you would never intentionably misled the court ocounsel; but if as you proceed in the saide to courte and counsel, you will correct in the something you would neve the was not accurate. that, Mr. NEVIN: Well, yes. Thank you, Your Mr. NE			1	
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	36	1	37
1	fact, there was test results, then I assume he	1	because the court said used the term that it
2	would, even at this late date, assume that he had	2	thought that this matter had been cleared up or
3	a <u>Brady</u> obligation to turn that over to you and	3	something to that effect, and it doesn't feel
4	Mr. Parnes.	4	cleared up to me.
5	But if it is his understanding that no	5	THE COURT: I understand. And I and I
6	testing was actually performed, the mere fact that	6	don't want to I mean, I'm not suggesting
7	it was submitted for testing would not seem to be	7	necessarily that the obligations that Mr. Anderson
8	relevant under the most liberal reading of Brady	8	has is cabined by <u>Brady</u> , but we are in a position
9	and not subject to any disclosure obligation.	9	now where the only thing pending before the court
10	So	10	is a Rule 60(b) motion. And whatever well, you
11	MR. NEVIN: Right. And I don't I mean,	11	know, I would hope that if, in fact, there is any
12	maybe I have misspoken about what Mr. Anderson	12	test results that have been completed, regardless
13	knows, but I wouldn't say that the obligation to	13	of what the results may be, whether they are
14	provide us the information is completely	14	exculpatory or not, I mean, it just seems like it
15	contained is cabined by <u>Brady</u> . I mean, in	15	would be prudent to turn those over to avoid
16	other words, yeah, there is a discovery request	16	unpleasantry down the road if it turns out that
17	pending. And even if it weren't exculpatory in	17	there was something of consequence that was not
18	the sense of providing an absolute defense of some	18	turned over in response to the State's discovery
19	kind, it might well be something that would be	19	obligations not Brady but discovery
20	relevant on I mean, I just don't know what it	20	obligations.
21	has. But in my experience, when you go over these	21	MR. NEVIN: Yes, sir.
22	things carefully, when you look at things that are	22	THE COURT: But I can't you know, to me,
23	provided to you, you sometimes find inferences or	23	it's a I'm guessing. I mean, I have no clue
24	things that are helpful in them. And when we	24	what is out there. All I can say with certainty
25	don't have them I was just I got up only	25	is if there is <u>Brady</u> material, I am absolutely
	38		39
1	confident Mr. Anderson will turn it over if in	1	always amazed at the quality of the briefing,
2	terms of discovery obligations and the context of	2	particularly on short notice. I don't want to
3	a case that is in the posture of this case with,	3	diminish the quality of the work, but I'm assuming
4	you know, the you know, I made my ruling. The	4	Mr. Anderson maybe approached the same issue, or
5	circuit disagreed with me on both the retrial and	5	perhaps he came up with an awfully good long,
6	the resentencing. At this point, we have a Rule	6	thoughtful brief on very short notice. I'm
7	60(b) motion, and I suspect that the circuit would	7	wondering if he's had that issue with perhaps
8	perceive that the State, the respondent in this	8	Mr. Rhoades or somewhere else. If not, I am even
9	proceeding, has a pretty limited obligation to	9	in more have even greater respect because I
10	engage in any further disclosure of materials	10	thought it was a very well-done brief on very
11	pursuant to discovery requests given the posture	11	short notice.
12	of the case.	12	In any event, we'll issue a written
13	And I'm just not going to go there at	13	decision in due course and be in recess.
14	this point. I would hope Mr. Anderson would feel,	14	(Proceedings concluded at 4:18 p.m.)
15	as an attorney, that he would, indeed, want to	15	
16	ensure that justice was done if there is something	16	
17	out there. But at this point, I have to assume,	17	
18	as he has represented to the court, that he knows	18	
19	of nothing; that all he knows is what's disclosed	19	
20	in the letter, which indicates that the materials	20	
21	were submitted for testing but no testing was	21	
22	actually completed. That's as far as I can go.	22	
23	All right. Counsel, we'll issue a	23	
24	written decision, have it out tomorrow, I'm sure.	24	
25	I appreciate, again, counsel's you know, I'm	25	

1	$\underline{R} \ \underline{E} \ \underline{P} \ \underline{O} \ \underline{R} \ \underline{T} \ \underline{E} \ \underline{R'} \ \underline{S} \ \underline{C} \ \underline{E} \ \underline{R} \ \underline{T} \ \underline{I} \ \underline{F} \ \underline{I} \ \underline{C} \ \underline{A} \ \underline{T} \ \underline{E}$
2	
3	
4	
5	I, Tamara I. Hohenleitner, Official
6	Court Reporter, State of Idaho, do hereby certify:
7	That I am the reporter who transcribed
8	the proceedings had in the above-entitled action
9	in machine shorthand and thereafter the same was
10	reduced into typewriting under my direct
11	supervision; and
12	That the foregoing transcript contains a
13	full, true, and accurate record of the proceedings
14	had in the above and foregoing cause.
15	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set
16	my hand June 4, 2012.
17	
18	
19	
20	-s- Tamara I. Hohenleitner
21	Official Court Reporter CSR No. 619
22	CSR NO. 019
23	
24	
25	

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