

Prisoner Health Care Standards

Witness Security and Prisoner Operations Division Office of Interagency Medical Services (202) 307-9680

> USMS Pub. No. 100 Revised November 2007



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cited in Colwell v. Bannister, No. 12-15844 archived on September 12, 2014

PREFACE

This brochure is a supplement to the United States Marshals Service (USMS) Prisoner Operations Division Program Directive Number 9.15, **Prisoner Health Care**. The Program Directive states the following:

It is the policy of the USMS to ensure that all USMS prisoners receive medically necessary health care while at the same time ensuring that federal funds are not expended for unnecessary or unauthorized health care services.

Medical necessity, or a "serious medical need" is defined as a valid health condition that, without timely medical intervention, will cause (1) excessive pain not controlled by medication, (2) measurable deterioration in function (including organ function), (3) death, or (4) substantial risk to the public health.

The USMS subscribes to the following five rubrics for medical necessity decision-making:

1. The intervention must be intended to be used for a medical

- condition. Colwell v. Bann
- 2. The peer-reviewed published evidence should demonstrate that the intervention can be expected to produce its intended effects on health outcomes.
- 3. There is no other intervention that produces comparable or superior results in a more cost-effective manner.
- 4. The intervention's expected beneficial effects on health outcomes should outweigh its expected harmful effects.
- 5. While nurses working in a utilization management program can approve care, only a physician should recommend alternative treatments or deny care.

The USMS has authority (upon the recommendation of a competent medical authority or physician) to acquire and pay for reasonable

and medically necessary care (to include emergency medical care) to ensure the well-being of all USMS prisoners. It is, however, NOT the policy of the USMS to provide either elective or preventative medical care. Necessary emergency medical care should be provided to all USMS prisoners immediately.

Prisoners in the custody of the USMS are usually in USMS custody for a short period of time (less than 1 year) during their pretrial and trial phase. Many medically appropriate, non-emergency procedures can and should be delayed until after the prisoner's judicial status is resolved, as long as there is no significant health risk to the prisoner, Treatment of pre-existing conditions which are not lifethreatening or medically necessary should be delayed until after the prisoner's judicial status is resolved.

The purposes of these standards are to 1) define reasonable and medically necessary care for prisoner in custody of the USMS, 2) to define those prisoner medical conditions that require treatment, 3) to enumerate the specific elective or preventative medical interventions and procedures that are not routinely authorized for payment by the USMS unless otherwise ordered by the court. Justification for exceptions to these standards should be reviewed and approved by OIMS. These standards will be reviewed annually and updated as needed.

These standards refer to health care services and products which are to be charged to the USMS, and/or which require a prisoner in USMS custody to make visits anywhere outside of the facility to which he/she is confined. Services and products provided to USMS prisoners within correctional facilities and at no cost to the USMS are not prohibited.

Section I of these standards defines reasonable and medically necessary care. Section II defines conditions requiring treatment. Section III lists the medical interventions, procedures, medications, and medical devices that are not routinely authorized for payment by the USMS.

The medical interventions, procedures, medications and medical devices that are listed in Section III of this brochure are NOT routinely authorized for payment by the USMS unless ordered by the Court.

Questions regarding these standards may be addressed to the USMS Office of Interagency Medical Services at (202) 307-9680.

cited in Colwell v. Bannister, No. 12-15844 archived on September 12, 2014

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I. REASONABLE AND MEDICALLY NECESSARY CARE

USMS Definition: Healthcare services, medical supplies and equipment, pharmaceuticals, or medical procedures recommended by and/or provided by a hospital or licensed health care provider that the USMS determines are:

- 1. Appropriate to diagnose or treat the patient's condition, illness or injury
- Consistent with established standards of medical practice in the United States
- 3. Not primarily for the personal comfort or convenience of the patient, family, or provider
- 4. Not part of or associated with the scholastic education or vocational training of the patient
- 5. Not available on an outpatient basis (therefore requires inpatient care)
- 6. Approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration
- 7. Not identified herein as "not covered"

II. CONDITIONS REQUIRING TREATMENT

USMS Definition:

- 1. Emergency and life-threatening/limb-threatening/hearing-threatening/ sight-threatening conditions
- 2. Accidental or traumatic injuries incurred while in the custody of the USMS, that would likely lead to a significant loss of function or death.
- 3. Acute illnesses
- 4. Chronic conditions which are considered life-threatening or, if untreated during the period of USMS custody, would likely lead to a significant loss of function or death

5. Any other medical condition which the evaluating physician or mid-level provider believes will cause deterioration of the prisoner's health or uncontrolled suffering.

III. NON-AUTHORIZED MEDICAL INTERVENTIONS/ **PROCEDURES**

The following medical interventions and procedures are not authorized for payment by the USMS, unless ordered by the court or pre-authorized by OIMS:

A. ALLERGY/CLINICAL IMMUNOLOGY - NOT COVERED

Allergy testing and treatment

Medical conference services for allergy

Professional services for allergen immunotherapy

Provocative test

B. CARDIOLOGY - NOT COVERED of on September 12, 2014

Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring

Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring, physician review

Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring, scanning analysis

Ambulatory blood pressure monitoring, recording

Cardiac rehabilitation, unless ordered in writing by a physician or mid-level provider after a cardiac incident or surgery and preauthorized by the Office of Interagency Medical Services

Donor cardiectomy-pneumonectomy

Donor cardiectomy

Electrocardiograms, unless ordered by a physician or mid-level provider based on clinical findings suggestive of cardiac disease

Heart transplant

Heart-lung transplant

Photopheresis, extracorporeal

Plethysmography

Prolonged extracorporeal circulation for cardiopulmonary insufficiency

Single or multiple injections of sclerosing solutions

C. DENTAL/ORAL SURGERY- NOT COVERED

Arthrocentesis

Arthroplasty

Arthroscopy - surgical

Arthrotomy

Bridge Pontics

Bridge Retainers

Condylectomy

Coronoidectomy

Dental x-rays, unless required as a result of injury incurred while detainee is in the custody of the USMS; of for diagnostic purposes in the presence of pain and suffering

Dental fillings, unless required as a result of injury incurred while detained is in the custody of the USMS, or to relieve pain and suffering

Dental crowns

Endodontic endosseous implants

Fluoride treatments

Gold Foil Restorations

Intra-oral soft tissue grafts

Joint reconstruction

Oral surgical implant

Orthodontia - Initiation, replacement, adjustment, or maintenance of braces. (Removal of braces is covered if clinically indicated)

Orthognathic surgery

Osteoplasty for orthognathic deformities

Osteotomy of ramus, with or without bone graft

Osteotomy of the body of the mandible

Osteotomy-segmented or subapical-per sextant or quadrant

Partial ostectomy

Periodontal treatment, including surgical procedures

Radical resection of mandible with bone graft

Retainers

Root canals when any of the following conditions are present:

the tooth is a third molar; inadequate oral hygiene; the tooth is periodontally compromised; high caries rate; the tooth requires extensive restoration; missing teeth in the same arch which will be replaced with a removable prosthesis; opposing tooth is missing; other teeth in the same arch are of questionable prognosis; or the tooth is not essential to maintain the integrity of the arch.

Routine dental care, other than to relieve pain and suffering

Routine dental hygiene care, unless the detainee has been in the uninterrupted curstody of the USMS for greater than 12 months.

Skin grafts

Surgical discectomy; with or without implant

Synovectomy

Transseptal fiberotomy

Treatment for temporomandibular joint dysfunction and disorders, including surgery and appliances

Upper or lower dentures, except in cases in which the detainee was taken into custody with dentures, and they are broken while he or she is in custody

D. DIGESTIVE SYSTEM - NOT COVERED

Anterior gastropexy for hiatal hernia

Excision tonsil tags

Frenoplasty

Gastric bypass for morbid obesity

Gastroplasty for morbid obesity

Hemorrhoidal surgery, except when unresponsive to conservative treatment

Elective revision of colostomy

Vermilionectomy, with mucosal advancement

E. EAR. NOSE AND THROAT - NOT COVERED

Adenoidectomy

Displacement therapy of nose

Excision of exostosis

Excision of soft tissue lesion of the ear

Injection into turbinates

Functional reconstruction of the internal nose Lysis of intranasal synechia 12.15844 archived on September 12, 2014

Repair of Council V. Bannischia

Repair of oronasal fistula

Rhinoplasty

Septoplasty or submucous resection

Tonsillectomy

Tympanoplasty

F. ENDOCRINOLOGY- NOT COVERED

Basal metabolism readings

Growth hormone therapy

G. GENITAL SYSTEM (MALE) - NOT COVERED

Circumcision, unless clinically indicated

Electroejaculation

Epididymovasostomy, anastomosis epididymis to vas deferens

Excision, penile plaque

Injection procedure corpora cavernosography

Injection of corpora cavernosa

Injection procedure for Peyronie disease

Insertion of testicular prosthesis

Insertion of penile prosthesis

Intersex surgery, male to female

Intersex surgery, female to male

Irrigation corpora cavernosa priapism

Ligation vas deferens

Nocturnal penile tumescence test

Penile plethysmography

Plastic operation on penis to correct angulation

Procedures, services and supplies related to sex transformations

Removal/repair/replacement² of penile prosthesis

Repair of hypospadias complications

Reversal of surgically induced sterility

Semen collection

Surgical correction of abnormality of penile prosthesis

Vasectomy

Vasotomy

Vasovasotomy, vasovasorrhaphy

H. HEARING - NOT COVERED

Excision of soft tissue lesion of the ear

Excision of exostosis

Hearing aids, including implanted bone conduction hearing aids, except in cases in which the detainee was taken into custody with hearing aids and they are broken while he or she is in custody. Then, only one replacement pair is authorized.

Hearing testing or screening, unless clinically indicated

I. HEMIC AND LYMPHATIC SYSTEM - NOT COVERED

J. INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM (SKIN, SUBCUTANEOUS AND AREOLAR TISSUE, BREAST) - NOT COVERED

Abrasion of lesion

Acne surgery

Arthoscopy of the temporomandibular joint

Arthroplasty

Augmentation of the mandibular body or angle

Blepharoplasty

Body piercing

Bone graft, nasal maxillary and malar areas

Colwell v. Bannister, No. 12-15844 archived on September 12, 2014 Breast reconstruction

Cartilage graft

Cervicoplasty

Chemical exfoliation for acne

Chemical peel

Condylectomy of the temporomandibular joint

Coronoidectomy

Correction of inverted nipples

Dermabrasion

Dressing change under anesthesia

Electrolysis

Excision of excessive skin

Fascia lata graft

Genitoplasty

Graft for facial nerve paralysis

Hair transplant

Hammertoe operation, for cock-up fifth toe

I.V. injection of agent to test blood flow in flap

Immediate insertion of breast prosthesis after mastectomy

Impression/custom preparation of prosthesis

Injection procedure for temporomandibular arthrography

Insertion of tissue expander

Insertion of contraceptive capsules

Mammoplasty

Mastectomy for gynecomastia

Mastopexy

Meniscectomy of the temporomandibular joint

Moulage preparation for custom breast implant

Nipple exploration

Osteotomy of the facial bone's

Osteotomy of the facial bone's

Osteotomy of the facial bone's

Osteotomy of the mandible

Periprosthetic capsulectomy, breast

Reconstruction of the toe

Reconstruction of cleft foot

Reconstruction of nail bed, with graft

Reconstructive surgery

Reduction of the forehead

Removal by contouring of a benign tumor of the facial bone

Removal of intact mammary implant

Removal of tissue expander

Removal of contraceptive capsules

Replacement of tissue expander

Revision reconstructed breast

Rhytidectomy

Salabrasion

Suction assisted lipectomy

Tattoo removal

Tattooing

Tissue graft

Treatment for temporomandibular joint dysfunction and disorders, including surgery and appliances

K. NERVOUS SYSTEM - NOT COVERED

Burr holes, implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Craniectomy, implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Incision/subcutaneous placement neurostimulator generator/receiver

Incision and subcutaneous placement/cranial neurostimulator

Incision/subcutaneous placement neurostimulator generator/receiver

Laminectomy, implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Percutaneous implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Revision/removal spinal neurostimulator generator/receiver

Revision or removal/cranial neurostimulator

Revision/removal peripheral neurostimulator electrodes

Revision/removal peripheral neurostimulator generator/receiver

L. OBSTETRICS/GYNECOLOGY (FEMALE GENITAL SYSTEM)– NOT COVERED

Amniocentesis, unless justified in writing by a physician or midlevel provider because of clinical findings indicating possible complications

Any medical care whatsoever for the infant after delivery, including the first newborn exam and routine screening, as per Federal Statute

Artificial insemination

Construction of artificial vagina

Culture of oocyte

Diaphragm fitting

Dilation of vagina under anesthesia

Elective abortions, except where the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term, or where the pregnancy is the result of rape

Embryo transfer

Excision of vaginal septum

Fimbrioplasty

Gamete or zygote transfer

Home uterine monitoring devices, unless justified in writing by a physician or mid-level provider because of clinical findings Hydrotubation of oviduct No. 12-15844 archived on September 12.

Hymenotomy simple incision

Hysteroplasty to repair uterine anomaly

Infertility workup or treatment, including Assisted Reproductive Technology (ART)

Injection procedure, hysterosalpingography

Insertion of intrauterine device

Intersex surgery, female to male

Intersex surgery, male to female

Ligation or transection of fallopian tubes

Lysis of labial adhesions

Mammography, unless ordered in writing by a physician or midlevel provider because of documented clinical findings indicating suspicion of malignancy and preauthorized by the Office of Interagency Medical Services, or unless the detainee is 40 years

of age and has been in the uninterrupted custody of the USMS for greater than 12 months

Non-emergency Hysterectomy

Oocyte retrieval

Plastic repair of introitus

Procedures, services and supplies related to sex transformations

Reversal of surgically induced sterility

Routine physical examinations, including PAP smear, unless ordered in writing by a physician or mid-level provider because of documented clinical findings and preauthorized by the Office of Interagency Medical Services, or unless the detainee has been in the uninterrupted custody of the USMS for greater than 12 months

Subsequent routine sonogram(s) to determine fetal age and/or size, unless justified in writing by a physician or mid-level provider because of clinical findings indicating possible complications. (The initial ultrasound is covered.) Set

Salpingostomy

Colwell v. Bannister, No. 12-15844 Transcervical introduction of fallopian tube catheter

Transection of fallopian tube, minilaparotomy

Transposition of ovary

Tubotubal anastomosis

Tubouterine implantation

Uterine suspension

Voluntary sterilization or other family planning services, including contraceptive drugs, devices, or surgery

M. ORTHOPEDICS / REHABILITATION - NOT COVERED

Maintenance or palliative physical, occupational, or speech therapy for a chronic disease or condition

Orthopedic devices unless necessitated by an acute injury while in USMS custody or unless prisoner possessed one at the time

of his/her arrest and it was lost or damaged beyond repair during his or her incarceration.

Orthopedic shoes, unless the detainee possessed a pair at the time of his/her arrest, and they were lost or damaged beyond repair during his or her incarceration

Orthotics

Radiant heat treatment and diathermy

Short-term rehabilitative therapy (physical, speech, and occupational), unless as a result of immediate post-surgical intervention or injury or illness incurred while in USMS custody.

Long-term rehabilitative (physical, speech, and occupational) services unless approved by OIMS.

N. PSYCHOLOGY/PSYCHIATRY- NOT COVERED

Counseling or therapy for marital, educational, behavioral, or sexual Diagnosis or treatment of sexual dysfunction/inadequacy/ LINS

Bannister, No. 12-15844 archived on September 12impotence

Hypnotherapy problems

Mental Competency evaluation. (Mental competency evaluation is the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons and a Court order is required.)

Orthomolecular Psychiatric Therapy

Psychoanalysis or psychotherapy credited toward earning a degree, or furtherance of education or training, regardless of diagnosis or symptoms that may be present

In-depth psychological or psychiatric testing, counseling, or psychotherapy unless ordered by the Court. (Initial and/or acute psychological or psychiatric evaluation for medical management, or medication adjustment is covered.)

Sleep therapy or evaluation

Speech Therapy

Treatment of alcoholism or substance abuse, unless the detainee had begun a course of therapy prior to being taken into the custody of the USMS, or if necessary for acute withdrawal, or if ordered by the court

Treatment for learning disabilities and mental retardation

O. URINARY SYSTEM - NOT COVERED

Donor nephrectomy

Recipient nephrectomy

Renal homotransplantation

Renal transplantation with recipient nephrectomy

Renal autotransplantation, reimplantation

Revision of ileostomy

P. VISION (EYE) - NOT COVERED

Eyeglasses, except in cases in which the detainee was taken into custody with eyeglasses and they are broken while he or she is in custody. Then, only one replacement pair is authorized. No designer frames are authorized. The least expensive pair of clear prescription glasses is authorized.

clear prescription glasses is authorized.

Sunglasses, unless ordered by a physician or mid-level provider certifying the medical necessity of such glasses for a medical condition such as photophobia. Then, only one replacement pair is authorized. No designer frames are authorized. The least expensive pair of sunglasses is authorized.

Blepharoptosis repair

Botulinum injection for strabismus

Canthoplasty

Cataract removal

Chemodenervation of extraocular muscle

Closure of lacrimal punctum

Conjunctivodacryocystotomy

Conjunctivorhinostomy

Contact lenses

Corneal tattoo

Corneal wedge resection

Corneal relaxing incision

Correction of everted punctum

Correction of lid retraction

Epikeratoplasty

Injection of contrast medium for dacryocystography

Keratomileusis

Keratophakia

Keratoprosthesis

Modification of ocular implant

Orthoptic or pleoptic training

Photorefractive keratectomy

Plastic repair of canaliculi

Probing of nasolacrimal duct

Reconstruction of eyelid, No. 12-15844 archived on September 12, 2014

Reduction Reduction of ptosis

Refractions, including lens prescription, unless clinically indicated

Release of extensive scar tissue

Removal or revision of orbital implant

Strabismus surgery

Transposition of extraocular muscle

Visual training exercises

Q. SURGERY - NOT COVERED

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM SURGERY

Donor cardiectomy

Donor cardiectomy-pneumonectomy

Heart transplant

Heart-lung transplant

Varicose vein ligation, division, excision, or stripping

DIGESTIVE SYSTEM SURGERY

Anterior gastropexy for hiatal hernia

Excision tonsil tags

Frenuloplasty

Gastric bypass for morbid obesity

Gastroplasty for morbid obesity

Hemorrhoidal surgery, except when unresponsive to conservative treatment

Elective Revision of colostomy

Elective Revision of ileostomy

Surgical treatment for morbid obesity

Vermilionectomy, with mucosal advancement 12, 2014

EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SURGERY

Adenoidectomywell v. B

Excision of soft tissue lesion of the ear

Excision of exostosis

Excision of tonsil tags

Functional reconstruction of the internal nose

Insertion of nasal septal prosthesis

Lysis of intranasal synechia

Myringotomy with or without Tubes

Orthognathic surgery

Repair of oronasal fistula

Rhinoplasty

Septoplasty or submucous resection

Sleep Apnea surgery

Tonsillectomy

Treatment for temporomandibular joint dysfunction and disorders, including surgery and appliances

Tympanoplasty

EYE SURGERY

Blepharoptosis repair

Canthoplasty

Cataract surgery

Closure of lacrimal punctum

Conjunctivodacryocystotomy

Conjunctivorhinostomy

Corneal relaxing incision

Corneal wedge resection

Correction of everted punctum 8044 archived on September 12, 2014

Enikarat

Epikeratoplastywell v. Bannister

Keratomileusis

Keratophakia

Keratoprosthesis

Modification of ocular implant

Photorefractive keratectomy

Plastic repair of canaliculi

Radial keratotomy

Reconstruction of eyelid

Reduction of overcorrection of ptosis

Release of extensive scar tissue

Removal or revision of orbital implant

Strabismus surgery

Transposition extraocular muscle

LASIK (Laser-Assisted in Situ Keratomileusis)

GENERAL SURGERY

Any operative procedure or any portion of a procedure performed primarily to improve physical appearance and/or treat a mental condition through change in bodily form

Any costs incurred for organ transplantation, whether incurred by recipient or donor, including bone marrow transplants, and tissue typing

Non-emergency Herniorrhaphy

Oral and maxillofacial surgery, unless required as a result of injury incurred while in the custody of the USMS and preauthorized by the Office of Interagency Medical Services

Plastic surgery

Reconstructive surgery unless required as a result of injury incurred while in the custody of the USMS and preauthorized by the Office of Interagency Medical Services

Removal of implant material

Stand-by surgeons

Surgical treatment for morbid obesity

Surgical correction of congenital anomalies

GENITAL SYSTEM (FEMALE) SURGERY

Construction of artificial vagina

Dilation of vagina under anesthesia

Excision of vaginal septum

Fimbrioplasty

Genitoplasty

Hymenotomy, simple incision

Hysteroplasty to repair uterine anomaly

Intersex surgery, female to male

Intersex surgery, male to female

Ligation or transection of fallopian tubes

Non-emergency hysterectomy

Plastic repair of introitus

Reversal of surgically induced sterility

Salpingostomy

Transcervical introduction of fallopian tube catheter

Transection of fallopian tube, minilaparotomy

Transposition of ovary

Tubotubal anastomosis

Uterine suspension

Voluntary sterilization

GENITAL SYSTEM (MALE) SURGERY

Circumcision

Epididymovasostomy, anastomosis epididymis to vas deferens

Excision, penile plaque

Genitoplastyn Colwell v. Ban

Insertion penile prosthesis

Insertion of testicular prosthesis

Intersex surgery, female to male

Intersex surgery, male to female

Ligation of vas deferens

Plastic operation on penis to correct angulation

Removal/repair/replacement of penile prosthesis

Repair of hypospadias complications

Reversal of surgically induced sterility

Surgical correction of abnormality in penile prosthesis

Transurethral balloon dilation, prostatic urethra

Vasectomy

Vasotomy

Vasovasotomy, vasovasorrhaphy

Voluntary sterilization

INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM SURGERY (SKIN, SUBCU-TANEOUS AND AREOLAR TISSUE, BREAST)

Acne surgery

Arthoscopy of the temporomandibular joint

Augmentation of the mandibular body or angle

Blepharoplasty

Bone graft, nasal maxillary and malar areas

Breast reconstruction

Cartilage graft

Cervicoplasty

Condylectomy of the temporomandibular joint 12, 2014

Correction of inverted nipples

Excision of an

Fascia lata graft

Genitoplasty

Graft for facial nerve paralysis

Hair transplant

Immediate insertion of breast prosthesis after mastectomy

Insertion of tissue expander

Insertion of contraceptive capsules

Ligament Release of Tarsal Tunnel

Mammoplasty

Mastectomy for gynecomastia

Mastopexy

Meniscectomy of the temporomandibular joint

Muscle Resection

Nipple/areola reconstruction

Nipple exploration

Non-emergency Herniorrhaphy

Periprosthetic capsulectomy, breast

Reconstruction of nail bed

Reconstructive surgery

Reduction of the forehead

Removal by contouring of a benign tumor of the facial bone

Removal of tissue expander

Removal of sutures under anesthesia

Removal of intact mammary implant

Removal of contraceptive capsules

Revision reconstructed breast

Rhytidast via Colwell v. Baning breast

Rhytidectorny Colwell V.

Skin graft

Submucosal Resection

Subperiosteal implant

Suction assisted lipectomy

Tissue graft

Treatment for temporomandibular joint dysfunction and disorders, including surgery and appliances

NERVOUS SYSTEM SURGERY

Burr holes, implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Craniectomy, implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Incision/subcutaneous placement neurostimulator generator/receiver

Incision and subcutaneous placement/cranial neurostimulator

Incision/subcutaneous placement neurostimulator generator/receiver

Laminectomy, implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Percutaneous implantation neurostimulator electrodes

Revision/removal spinal neurostimulator generator/receiver

Revision or removal/cranial neurostimulator

Revision/removal peripheral neurostimulator electrodes

Revision/removal intracranial neurostimulator electrodes

Revision/removal peripheral neurostimulator generator/receiver

ORTHOPEDIC SURGERY

Arthrocentesis, unless acute

Arthroplasty

Arthroscopy-surgical

Arthrotomy

Arthrotomy

Bone graft

Carpal Tunnel Decompression, unless serious enough to result in nerve damage or thremitting pain

Condylectomy

Diagnostic arthroscopy, with or without biopsy

Disc repair, or discectomy, unless due to severe pain that is unresponsive to conservative treatment or with clear evidence of motor impairment

Foot Surgery, including Bunionectomy

Hammertoe operation, for cock-up fifth toe

Joint Reconstruction

Ligament Release of Tarsal Tunnel

Myotomy

Non-emergency back (disc) surgery

Non-emergency limb amputation

Non-emergency Reconstruction of the mandible

Orthognathic surgery

Osteoplasty for orthognathic deformities

Osteotomy of the facial bones

Osteotomy of the mandible

Osteoplasty of ramus, with or without bone graft

Osteotomy of the body of the mandible

Osteotomy-segmented or subapical-per sextant or quadrant

Partial ostectomy

Radical resection of mandible with bone graft

Reconstruction of cleft foot

Reconstruction of the toe

Skin grafts

Synovectomy

Transseptal fiberotomy, No. 12-15844 archived on September 12, 2014 cited in Colwell v. Bar

URINARY SYSTEM SURGERY

Donor nephrectomy

Recipient nephrectomy

Renal autotransplantation, reimplantation

Renal homotransplantation

Renal transplantation with recipient nephrectomy

R. PROSTHESES- NOT COVERED

Prosthetic devices, except in cases in which the detainee was taken into custody with a functional prosthesis, and it is broken or lost while he or she is in custody

Auricular prosthesis

Auricular prosthesis, replacement

Cranial prosthesis

Facial augmentation implant prosthesis

Facial prosthesis

Impression/custom preparation of prosthesis

Mandibular resection prosthesis

Nasal prosthesis

Nasal septal prosthesis

Obturator prosthesis

Ocular prosthesis, interim, unless clinically indicated

Ocular prosthesis, unless clinically indicated

Orbital prosthesis

Palatal augmentation prosthesis

Palatal lift prosthesis

Penile prosthesis

Procedures, services, and supplies related to sex transformations rell v. Bannister, No. 12-15844 ard

Radiation carrier

Radiation cone locator

Radiation shield

Speech aid prosthesis

Treatment for temporomandibular joint dysfunction and disorders, including surgery and appliances

Trismus appliance (not for TMD treatment)

S. GENERAL MEDICINE/ LABORATORY - NOT COVERED

Biopsies, unless clinically indicated and preauthorized by the Office of Interagency Medical Services

Blood typing for paternity testing

Blood cholesterol test, urinalysis, complete blood count (CBC), and blood chemistry tests, unless clinically indicated or the detainee has been in the uninterrupted custody of the USMS for greater than 12 months

Screening endoscopies, unless clinically indicated and preauthorized by the Office of Interagency Medical Services

Machine Diagnostic Tests (eg PET, MRI, echocardiogram, CT scan)unless ordered by a physician or mid-level provider with clinical findings indicating medical necessity

Physical examinations not necessary for medical reasons

PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), unless clinically indicated or the detainee has been in the uninterrupted custody of the USMS for greater than 12 months and is over the age of 50 years.

Semen fructose test

Semen analysis

Sperm antibodies

Sperm evaluation

Splitting of blood or blood products

T. RADIOLOGY - NOT COVERED

Diagnostic Diagnostic x_arays unless ordered by a physician or mid-level provider with clinical findings indicating medical necessity, or for purposes of infectious disease screening

Hyperthermia

Mammography, unless ordered by a physician or mid-level provider for documented clinical findings indicating suspicion of malignancy, or unless the detainee is 40 years of age and has been in the uninterrupted custody of the USMS for greater than 12 months

Injection procedure, hysterosalpingography

U. PHARMACY- NOT COVERED

Chelation therapy, except for acute arsenic, gold, or lead poisoning Contraceptive drugs or devices

Controlled narcotics, unless evaluated by a physician experienced in the use of such medications and when other options have been considered and found to be inadequate.

Drugs available without a prescription (over-the counter)

Drugs for cosmetic purposes

Drugs to enhance athletic performance

Immune Globulin

Implanted time-release medications, (e.g. Norplant)

Investigational drugs (non-FDA approved)

Methadone except for the following clinical indications:

Treatment of opiate addicted pregnant prisoners;

Detoxification of opiate addicted prisoners; or

Treatment of severe pain.

Name brand prescription drugs for which a federally approved generic equivalent is available

Routine immunizations of boosters, including tetanus-diphtheria

Routine immunizations or boosters, including tetanus-diphtheria (TD), measles, or licken pox, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, influenza, and pneumococcal vaccines

Smoking cessation drugs and medication, including nicotine patches and gum

Over-the counter vitamins and nutritional substances unless prescribed by a physician or mid-level provider for clinical indications

Drugs used to enhance sexual performance (e.g. Viagra)

V. INVESTIGATIONAL (EXPERIMENTAL) DRUGS, DEVICES, AND PROCEDURES – NOT COVERED

For procedures, services, and supplies that are experimental or investigational, and/or not approved by the FDA, if the prisoner is taking an investigational drug on a compassionate use basis at the time of arrest, he or she may continue it as long as it involves no cost to the government, and as long as the investigational protocol does not require the prisoner to make visits

anywhere outside of the facility to which he or she is confined.

W. OTHER - NOT COVERED

Acupuncture

Air purifiers, air conditioners, heating pads, whirlpool bathing equipment, sun and heat lamps, and exercise devices, even if ordered by a physician or mid-level provider

Apnea monitor

Assembly and operation of pump with oxygenator or heat exchanger

Bereavement counseling

Biofeedback training

Care or treatment not provided in accordance with accepted professional medical standards in the United States

Chiropractic services

Clinical ecology and environmental medicine

Communication equipment including computer "story boards" or "light talkers"

Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation (ECMO)

Fabrication of athletic mouth guards

Financial legal counseling

Hypothermia

Naturopathy

Outpatient consultations by medical specialists, unless ordered by a physician or mid-level provider or mid-level provider

Pastoral counseling

Personal comfort items during hospitalization such as radio, television, telephone, guest beds, admission kits, or other comfort items

Podiatric services, including foot orthotics and the removal of corns or calluses or trimming of nails unless clinically indicated (e.g. diabetic, infected ingrown toenail)

Private-duty nursing

Procedures, services, and supplies for weight control

Services and supplies not reasonably necessary for the diagnosis and treatment of an illness or injury

Services and supplies for cosmetic purposes

Wigs

IV. APPEALS/DENIALS PROCESS

Nothing in the USMS Prisoner Health Care Appeals Procedure is intended to create or does create an enforceable legal right or private right of action.

A. APPEALS

The USMS reviews requests for health care services and supplies to ensure that prisoners in the custody of the USMS are provided basic minimum health care. The USMS Prisoner Healthcare Standards are used as the guideline for making health care recommendations to the districts. When a requested medical service is not in accordance with the standards, it will be referred to OIMS for review and determination.

Appeals for denial of a requested prisoner health care service that are based on OIMS interpretation of USMS medical policy may be initiated by:

- the prisoner,
- a medical provider, or a legally appointed advocate (defense attorney, legal guardian) in writing to the USMS

The appeal should state why there should be an exception to USMS medical policy (e.g. not in agreement with the policy or extenuating circumstances exist to form an exception). The USMS will review and recommend a resolution.

The USMS shall forward the recommendation and supporting medical records for review by the USMS Medical Appeals Board. After reviewing the request and records, the USMS Medical Appeals Board will either:

 uphold the decision of denial; overturn and approve the request; or • seek further information or a second opinion from a consultant.

B. DENIALS

All denials of payment for prisoner health care services will be reviewed by the OIMS physician consultant. The following denials of payment may be recommended by the medical case coordinators without review by the OIMS physician consultant:

- The prisoner is not in the custody of the USMS
- The requested services are not a covered benefit.

All other denials of payment will be reviewed for concurrence by the physician consultant.

Upon final review of all provided documentation, a written recommendation will be forwarded to the USMS. All communication will include an explanation for the recommendation.

C. USMS APPEALS BOARD

The USMS Medical Appeals Board shall meet to review appeals submitted to OTMS. The Board will consist of:

- one representative from the USMS Office of General Counsel (OGC);
- one health care professional representative from OIMS;
- one health care specialist in the relevant field;
- one representative from the Investigations and Detentions Branch.

The health care representative will not be the physician consultant nor the individual who initially reviewed the case.