**FILED** 

## NOT FOR PUBLICATION

JAN 12 2012

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

## UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

## FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

DUSHAN STEPHAN NICKOLICH, II,

Plaintiff - Appellant,

v.

RICHARD ROWE,

Defendant - Appellee.

No. 10-17623

D.C. No. 2:06-cv-02508-SMM

MEMORANDUM\*

Appeal from the United States District Court for the District of Arizona Stephen M. McNamee, District Judge, Presiding

Submitted December 19, 2011\*\*

Before: GOODWIN, WALLACE, and McKEOWN, Circuit Judges.

Dushan Stephan Nickolich, II, an Arizona state prisoner, appeals pro se from the district court's summary judgment in his 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action alleging that Rowe was deliberately indifferent to his serious medical needs. We have

<sup>\*</sup> This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1291. We review de novo. *Toguchi v. Chung*, 391 F.3d 1051, 1056 (9th Cir. 2004). We affirm.

The district court properly granted summary judgment on Nickolich's Eighth Amendment claim because Nickolich failed to raise a genuine dispute of material fact as to whether Rowe's failure to diagnose diabetes constituted deliberate indifference. *See id.* at 1057-58 (prison officials act with deliberate indifference only if they know of and disregard an excessive risk to an inmate's health and safety; a difference of medical opinion about the best course of medical treatment does not amount to deliberate indifference).

Nickolich's remaining contentions are unpersuasive.

AFFIRMED.

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