

MAR 20 2013

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U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

ROMULO FLORES-HIDALGO, a.k.a.  
Romulo Flores, a.k.a. Cesar Marcos  
Florez, a.k.a. Marcos Florez, a.k.a.  
Francisco Garcia, a.k.a. Romulo Hidalgo,

Petitioner,

v.

ERIC H. HOLDER, Jr., Attorney General,

Respondent.

No. 12-71092

Agency No. A094-160-589

MEMORANDUM\*

On Petition for Review of an Order of the  
Board of Immigration Appeals

Submitted March 12, 2013\*\*

Before: PREGERSON, REINHARDT, and W. FLETCHER, Circuit Judges.

Romulo Flores-Hidalgo, a native and citizen of El Salvador, petitions for review of the Board of Immigration Appeals' ("BIA") order dismissing his appeal

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\* This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

\*\* The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

from an immigration judge's decision denying his application for protection under the Convention Against Torture ("CAT"). We have jurisdiction under 8 U.S.C. § 1252. We review for substantial evidence the agency's factual findings. *Silaya v. Mukasey*, 524 F.3d 1066, 1070 (9th Cir. 2008). We deny the petition for review.

Substantial evidence supports the agency's denial of CAT relief because Flores-Hidalgo failed to establish it is more likely than not he would be tortured by or with the acquiescence of the government if returned to El Salvador. *See Santos-Lemus v. Mukasey*, 542 F.3d 738, 748 (9th Cir. 2008). Contrary to Flores-Hidalgo's contention, the BIA applied the correct standard in assessing his CAT claim.

**PETITION FOR REVIEW DENIED.**