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U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

<p>UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,</p> <p>Plaintiff - Appellee,</p> <p>v.</p> <p>GILBERT G. WALKS, Jr.,</p> <p>Defendant - Appellant.</p>
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No. 12-30172

D.C. No. 1:11-cr-00065-RFC

MEMORANDUM\*

Appeal from the United States District Court  
for the District of Montana  
Richard F. Cebull, Chief Judge, Presiding

Submitted March 12, 2013\*\*

Before: PREGERSON, REINHARDT, and W. FLETCHER, Circuit Judges.

Gilbert G. Walks, Jr., appeals from the district court’s judgment and challenges the 24-month sentence imposed following his guilty-plea conviction for unlawfully trafficking in migratory birds, in violation of 16 U.S.C. §§ 703(a) and

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\* This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

\*\* The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. See Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

707(b); and unlawfully trafficking in eagles, in violation of 16 U.S.C. § 668(a).

We have jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1291, and we affirm.

Walks contends that the district court procedurally erred by failing to explain adequately the reasons for imposing his sentence consecutive to a 180-month sentence imposed in an unrelated case. We review for plain error, *see United States v. Valencia-Barragan*, 608 F.3d 1103, 1108 (9th Cir. 2010), and find none. The record reflects that the district court adequately discussed the 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) sentencing factors and explained why it believed that a consecutive sentence was warranted. *See United States v. Fifield*, 432 F.3d 1056, 1064-66 (9th Cir. 2005).

**AFFIRMED.**