

MAY 24 2013

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

NOT FOR PUBLICATION
UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

CARLOS ALFREDO SILVA,

Petitioner,

v.

ERIC H. HOLDER, Jr., Attorney General,

Respondent.

No. 08-74138

Agency No. A090-145-172

MEMORANDUM*

On Petition for Review of an Order of the
Board of Immigration Appeals

Submitted May 8, 2013**
Pasadena, California

Before: NOONAN, WARDLAW, and MURGUIA, Circuit Judges.

Carlos Alfredo Silva petitions for review of the BIA’s decision affirming the IJ’s determination that he was removable and not eligible for cancellation of removal.

* This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

** The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. See Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

Silva argues that the Government failed to prove removability based on his marijuana conviction. Even if he is correct, the BIA also found him removable based on his cocaine conviction. Silva does not challenge this second ground and is, therefore, removable. *See Haile v. Holder*, 658 F.3d 1122, 1130 (9th Cir. 2011) (denying petition when alien failed to address BIA’s alternative grounds for its decision).

Even if Silva’s argument that he is entitled to cancellation of removal is not waived, Silva is unable to meet his burden of demonstrating that he is eligible, because, even if he is correct that his criminal record check was inconclusive, “an inconclusive record of conviction does not demonstrate eligibility for cancellation of removal,” and “is insufficient to satisfy the alien's burden of proof.” *Young v. Holder*, 697 F.3d 976, 989 (2012) (en banc).

PETITION DENIED.