FILED

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

AUG 02 2013

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

CHARLES G. REECE,

Plaintiff - Appellant,

v.

D. K. SISTO, Warden; DON MIMIS, Plant Operation,

Defendants - Appellees.

No. 12-16070

D.C. No. 2:10-cv-00203-JAM-EFB

MEMORANDUM*

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California John A. Mendez, District Judge, Presiding

Submitted July 24, 2013**

Before: ALARCÓN, CLIFTON, and CALLAHAN, Circuit Judges.

California state prisoner Charles G. Reece appeals pro se from the district court's judgment dismissing his 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action for failure to exhaust administrative remedies as required by the Prison Litigation Reform Act, 42 U.S.C.

^{*} This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

^{**} The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

§ 1997e(a). We have jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1291. We review de novo, Sapp v. Kimbrell, 623 F.3d 813, 821 (9th Cir. 2010), and we reverse and remand.

The district court dismissed Reece's action because Reece did not exhaust administrative remedies at the second and final levels of review. However, because Reece's grievance was fully granted at the first level of review, Reece "ha[d] no obligation to appeal from a grant of relief . . . in order to exhaust his administrative remedies." *Harvey v. Jordan*, 605 F.3d 681, 685 (9th Cir. 2010). Accordingly, we reverse and remand for further proceedings.

REVERSED and REMANDED.

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