FILED

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

MAR 28 2014

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

No. 13-50044

Plaintiff - Appellee,

D.C. No. 3:12-cr-00578-IEG-1

v.

MEMORANDUM*

COLLIN MICHAEL BAIRD,

Defendant - Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of California Irma E. Gonzalez, District Judge, Presiding

Submitted December 18, 2013**

Before: HUG, FARRIS, and LEAVY, Circuit Judges.

Collin Michael Baird challenges the 78-month sentence imposed following his guilty-plea conviction for receipt of images of minors engaged in sexually explicit conduct, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2252(a)(2). We have jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1291, and we affirm.

^{*} This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

^{**} The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

Baird contends that the district court procedurally erred by failing to address his argument that the district court should exercise its discretion under *Kimbrough* v. United States, 552 U.S. 85 (2007) to vary downward. Because Baird did not object on these grounds in the district court, we review for plain error and Baird is therefore required to show that there is an error that is plain and that affects substantial rights because there is a reasonable probability that the sentence would have been different absent the alleged error. See United States v. Dallman, 533 F.3d 755, 761-62 (9th Cir. 2008). Because the district court explained its reasons for the downward variance and sentence and there is no indication that the district court did not understand its authority to vary from the Guidelines range based on Kimbrough, we hold that there is not plain error affecting substantial rights. See Dallman, 533 F.3d at 761-62; cf. United States v. Henderson, 649 F.3d 955, 958. 964 (9th Cir. 2011) (remanding to the district court because the district court made comments suggesting that it believed that it did not have the discretion under *Kimbrough* to reject the child pornography Guidelines).

AFFIRMED.