

JUN 19 2015

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK  
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

NOT FOR PUBLICATION  
UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

DON SUSIL PREMATHILAKA  
WIJESINGHE,

Petitioner,

v.

LORETTA E. LYNCH, Attorney General,

Respondent.

No. 12-70539

Agency No. A070-632-552

MEMORANDUM\*

On Petition for Review of an Order of the  
Board of Immigration Appeals

Submitted June 11, 2015\*\*  
San Francisco, California

Before: SCHROEDER and IKUTA, Circuit Judges and SEABRIGHT,\*\* District  
Judge.

---

\* This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent  
except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

\*\* The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision  
without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

\*\*\* The Honorable J. Michael Seabright, United States District Judge for  
the District of Hawaii, sitting by designation.

Petitioner Don Susil P. Wijesinghe petitions for review of a Board of Immigration Appeals' ("BIA") order denying his third motion to reopen as time- and number-barred. Having reviewed the BIA's denial of the motion for abuse of discretion, *see Meza-Vallejos v. Holder*, 669 F.3d 920, 923 (9th Cir. 2012), we deny the petition for review.

Wijesinghe argues that the BIA abused its discretion by denying his motion as time- and number-barred. He claims he was entitled to equitable tolling on account of ineffective assistance of his prior counsel. The BIA concluded Wijesinghe was not entitled to equitable tolling because he could not show prejudice from his former attorneys' ineffective assistance.

Even assuming that Wijesinghe is entitled to some equitable tolling, Wijesinghe's third motion to reopen remains untimely. Equitable tolling of the 90-day deadline for filing motions to reopen continues until the date counsel's error is discovered, or with due diligence, should have been discovered. *Iturribarria v. INS*, 321 F.3d 889, 897–99 (9th Cir. 2003). Because the terrorist bar is what prevents Wijesinghe's eligibility for relief, the relevant error here is the failure to petition for review of the BIA's decision involving the terrorist bar. *See Avagyan v. Holder*, 646 F.3d 672, 680–82 (9th Cir. 2011) (analyzing the timeliness of each pertinent incidence of alleged ineffective assistance separately). According to

Wijesinghe, he learned of this error on April 9, 2010. However, his third motion to reopen (the only one which he now petitions for review) was filed August 22, 2011, well over 90 days after that date. Wijesinghe has not alleged any ineffectiveness on the part of the attorney representing him on his second motion to reopen which would have prevented him from timely filing a third motion.

The petition for review is **DENIED**.